



# NYSERDA Much Colder Than Normal Weather Combination Case Results

#### December 2009

**Contacts:** 

Kevin R. Petak (kpetak@icfi.com) Vice President, Gas Market Modeling

Frank E. Brock (fbrock@icfi.com)
Senior Energy Market Specialist

#### **ICF International**



#### **Sensitivity Assumptions for Combination Case**



- Case assumes temperatures from the years 1976-1977, the coldest winter on record, occur in the forecast years 2017-2018.
- Average monthly and peak day power generation gas demand are based on GEMAPS results provided by NYSERDA.
  - In addition to the much colder than normal weather conditions, GEMAPS also assumes:
    - Indian Point Nuclear is retired and replaced with gas-fired units.
    - Residual oil burning units are re-powered to burn natural gas.
    - Electricity imports into New York from Canada are reduced due to weather conditions.
  - These additional assumptions increase power generation gas demand to roughly double the levels in the original Much Colder Than Normal Weather case. Peak Day Power Generation Gas Consumption

	Muc	h Colder Than	Normal Wea	ther	Combination Case						
Region	Firm	Interruptible	Total	Percent	Firm	Interruptible	Total	Percent			
Upstate East	41	158	199	31%	13	75	89	7%			
Upstate West	44	0	44	7%	28	0	29	2%			
Downstate	<u>347</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>403</u>	<u>62%</u>	<u>855</u>	<u>345</u>	<u>1,200</u>	<u>91%</u>			
Total New York	432	215	646	100%	897	421	1,317	100%			

### Caveats for the Much Colder Than Normal Weather Analysis



This analysis of the impacts of much colder than normal weather on the natural gas pipeline system is dependent on a number of assumptions that lessen the impacts on gas consumers in New York and New England.

- In the Much Colder Than Normal Weather cases, Iroquois flows nearly full from the Canadian border. However, there may not be that much gas available under Much Colder Than Normal weather conditions due to either pipeline constraints at Parkway or gas supply constraints in eastern Canada.
- The RIAMS model optimizes the use of storage to help meet peak day demands. In the real world, storage withdrawals and the use of peak-shaving plants would not necessarily be optimally timed throughout the month. The projection, therefore presents the greatest possible volume that can be available and there would likely be less storage withdrawals available on peak days.
- One of the ways the GMM responds to increased gas demand and gas prices is to increase the volume of LNG imports into New England and Eastern Canada. While LNG imports may increase in response to Much Colder Than Normal weather, there may be less additional LNG available, or additional supplies may not be delivered when they are most needed. A delay of days or weeks in obtaining shipments would result in a more constrained market.
- Much Colder Than Normal weather can also have an impact on the ability to deliver fuels to consumers. Much Colder Than Normal cold can disrupt oil deliveries and therefore limit the amount of gas-to-oil switching at power plants. Moreover, the analysis assumes that on-site fuel inventories are intact and available.

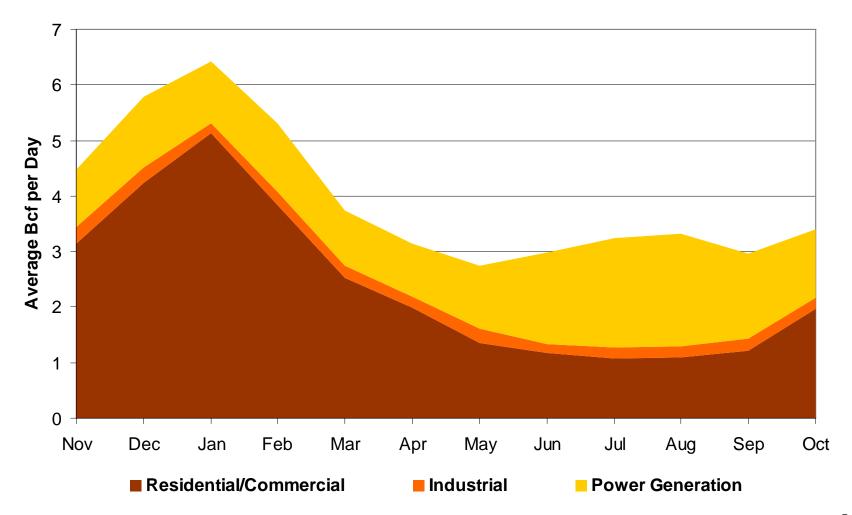
Due to these and other factors, the projections for unmet demands in this analysis should be viewed as the minimum levels of demand disruption.



#### **RIAMS** Results

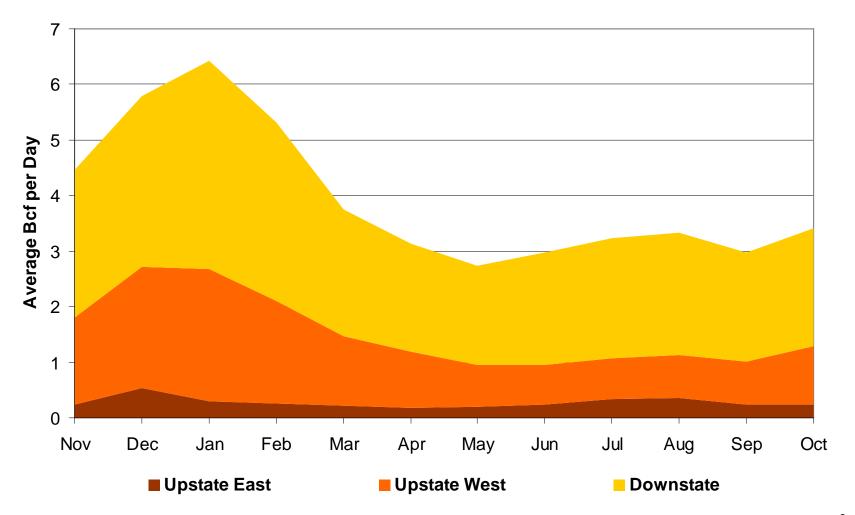
## Seasonal Consumption by Sector: 2017 -2018





## Seasonal Consumption by Region: 2017 -2018





### **Daily RIAMS Conditions**

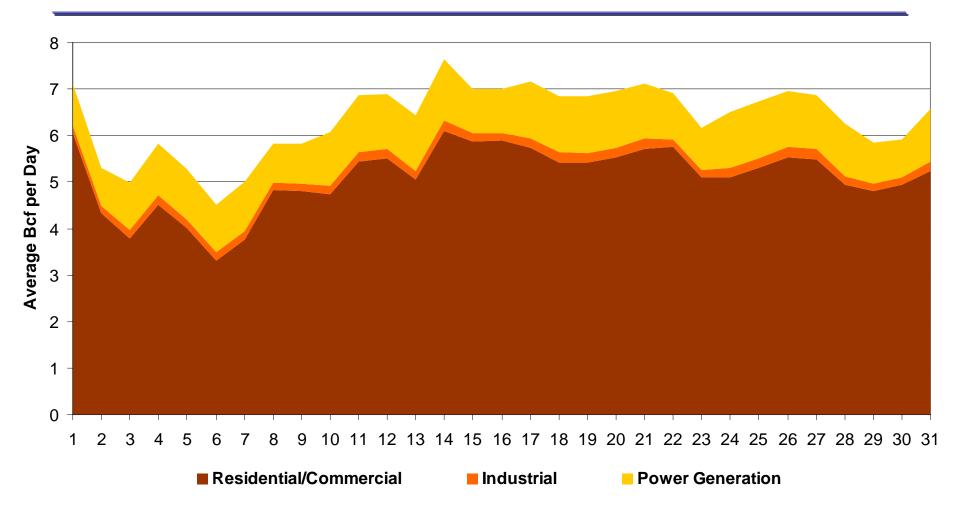


Assumed temperatures for the peak winter day are the same as in the Much Colder Than Normal Weather Case:

- New York City is 2 degrees Fahrenheit on the peak gas demand day, 3 degrees colder than the average peak day.
  - Average temperature for the month is 22 degrees, 11 degrees colder than an average January.
- Buffalo is -5 degrees Fahrenheit on the peak gas demand day, 2 degrees colder than the average peak day.
  - Average temperature in January is 14 degrees, 11 degrees colder than an average January.

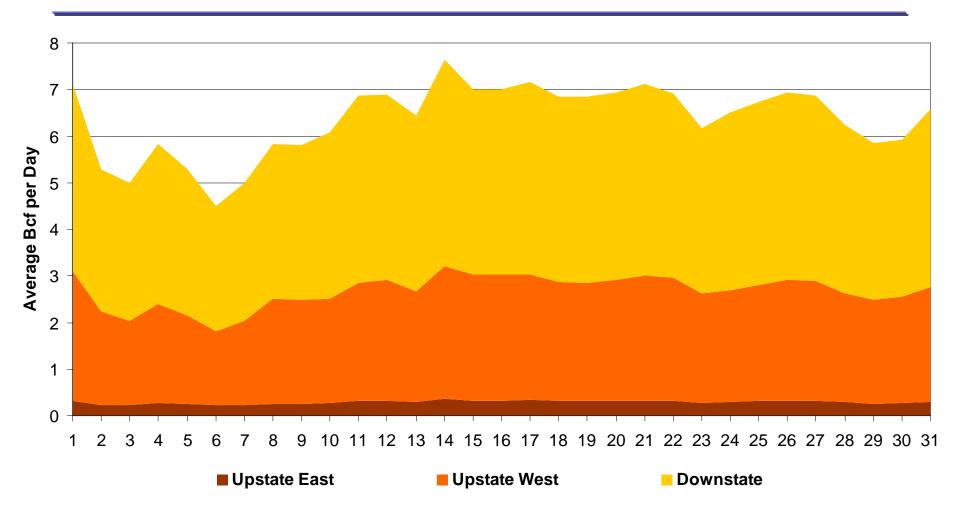
## Daily Consumption by Sector: Jan 2018





## Daily Consumption by Region: Jan 2018





# New York Gas Peak and Average Day Imports/Exports (MMcfd)



Location	Case	Capacity	Peak Day	Avg Day	
Algonquin Exports to CT	MCTN	1,375	1,293	982	
Algoriquin Exports to C1	Combo	1,375	901	808	
Algonquin Imports from NJ	MCTN	1,069	1,069	907	
Algoriquin imports from No	Combo	1,069	1,070	983	
Columbia Imports from Western PA	MCTN	45	18	16	
Coldinbia imports from Western FA	Combo	45	18	20	
Dominion Imports from Western PA	MCTN	1,600	868	700	
Dominion imports from Western FA	Combo	1,600	906	773	
Empire State Receipts from Transcanada	MCTN	820	475	243	
Empire State Receipts from Transcanada	Combo	820	475	247	
Iroquois Net Exports to CT	MCTN	1,000	323	773 243 247 311 274 375 435 789 801 31 104 151 171 52 53	
moduois Net Exports to O1	Combo	1,000	208	274 375 435 789 801 31	
Iroquois Deliveries to New York City	MCTN	778	622	375	
inoquois Delivenes to New York Oity	Combo	778	778		
Iroquois Receipts from Transcanada	MCTN	1,195	1,182	789	
moquois receipis nom manscanada	Combo	1,195	1,184	801	
Millennium Deliveries to New York City	MCTN	167	157	31	
Willier I fluit Deliveries to New York Oity	Combo	167	167	104	
National Fuel Imports from PA	MCTN	385	222	151	
National Fuel Imports from FA	Combo	385	231	171	
National Fuel Receipts from Transcanada	MCTN	426	101	52	
National Fuel Receipts from Transcanada	Combo	426	426 101		
Tennessee Exports to MA	MCTN	1,318	426         101         53           1,318         980         446		
Termessee Exports to MA	Combo	1,318	1,222	513	
Tennessee Imports from NJ	MCTN	377	308	69	
Termessee imports from No	Combo	377	377	91	
Tennessee Imports from Western PA	MCTN	773	439	339	
Termessee imports from Western A	Combo	773	464	362	
Tennessee Receipts from Transcanada	MCTN	1,050	261	133	
Termessee Neceipts from Transcanada	Combo	1,050	261	135	
Texas Eastern Downstate Deliveries	MCTN	705	705	247	
Texas Lasterii Downstate Deliveries	Combo	705	705	317	
Transco NJ to Long Is & Staten Is	MCTN	689	578	248	
Transco No to Long is & Statem is	Combo	689	578	308	
Transco NJ to Manhattan	MCTN	1,007	1,007	750	
Transco No to Mannattan	Combo	1,007	1,007	852	

### New York Monthly Average Gas Imports/Exports



Location	Case	Capacity	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct
Algonquin Exports to CT	MCTN	1,375	1,138	1,361	1,130	1,175	1,038	1,065	746	718	825	825	723	1,054
Algoriquin Exports to C1	Combo	1,375	967	1,318	876	894	907	887	631	563	591	591	600	876
Algonquin Imports from NJ	MCTN	1,069	1,069	1,069	928	1,069	1,069	1,067	758	726	671	670	731	1,069
Algoriquin imports from No	Combo	1,069	1,070	1,070	1,070	1,070	1,070	1,000	853	847	895	933	723 600	1,070
Columbia Imports from Western PA	MCTN	45	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	9	9	9	18
Columbia imports from Western 1 A	Combo	45	25	18	18	27	26	18	18	18	9	18		27
Dominion Imports from Western PA	MCTN	1,600	840	840	825	840	843	657	640	640	537	520		669
Dominion imports from Western 1 A	Combo	1,600	960	960	840	1,008	888	705	640	640	614	624	640	780
Empire State Receipts from Transcanada	MCTN	820	114	542	475	364	113	109	109	121	380	350	118	109
Empire State Necelpts from Transcanada	Combo	820	114	542	475	364	113	113	113	125	396	365	123	113
Iroquois Net Exports to CT	MCTN	1,000	600	687	362	645	601	258	-		85	116	-	400
Inoquois Net Exports to C1	Combo	1,000	548	404	448	457	609	264	-	-	123	104	723 600 731 856 9 18 563 640 118 123 - - 399 421 467 484 - 95 154 154 25 26 235 204 59 66 288 309 65 67 - 141 131 138 579	336
Iroquois Deliveries to New York City	MCTN	778	381	225	602	311	311	311	428	245	617	489	399	165
Inoquois Deliveries to New York City	Combo	778	438	519	540	514	323	347	454	275	616	528	723 600 731 856 9 18 563 640 118 123 - - 399 421 467 484 - 95 154 154 25 26 235 204 59 66 288 309 65 67 - 141 131 138 579	241
Iroquois Receipts from Transcanada	MCTN	1,195	1,177	1,065	1,188	1,150	957	605	456	299	784	718	467	623
Iloquois Necelpis Ilolli Transcanada	Combo	1,195	1,180	1,064	1,189	1,151	959	629	474	308	808	734	484	648
Millennium Deliveries to New York City	MCTN	167	56	102	99	89	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
William Bollvenes to New York Oily	Combo	167	115	115	167	167	82	91	41	86	96	80	723 600 731 856 9 18 563 640 118 123 - - 399 421 467 484 - 95 154 154 25 26 235 204 59 66 288 309 65 67 - 141 131 138 579	114
National Fuel Imports from PA	MCTN	385	154	154	154	154	200	154	154	154	154	77		154
Transmart del importo ironi i 70	Combo	385	228	212	154	231	231	154	154	154	77	154		155
National Fuel Receipts from Transcanada	MCTN	426	25	119	101	78	24	23	23	26	82	76	723 600 731 856 9 18 563 640 118 123 - - 399 421 467 484 - 95 154 154 25 26 235 204 59 66 288 309 65 67 - 141 131 138 579	23
Transcallar del recocipio from Transcallada	Combo	426	25	119	101	78	24	24	24	27	84	78		24
Tennessee Exports to MA	MCTN	1,318	565	821	935	788	453	398	201	118	239	234		379
Termessee Exports to WA	Combo	1,318	695	1,029	1,071	1,057	468	380	162	127	268	311		417
Tennessee Imports from NJ	MCTN	377	66	66	141	66	66	66	66	54	55	55		66
Termessee imports from No	Combo	377	66	141	289	66	66	66	66	66	66	66		66
Tennessee Imports from Western PA	MCTN	773	395	395	381	395	395	345	309	309	240	246	723 600 731 856 9 9 8 18 0 563 4 640 0 118 5 123 6 - 4 - 9 399 421 8 467 4 484 - 9 95 7 154 4 154 6 25 8 26 4 235 1 204 5 59 6 66 6 288 309 6 65 6 7 1 141 6 131 138 138 0 563	375
Termeddee importa from Western 17	Combo	773	395	448	395	464	424	395	309	309	240	240		419
Tennessee Receipts from Transcanada	MCTN	1,050	61	291	261	200	62	60	60	66	211	195		60
Termessee Receipts from Transcanada	Combo	1,050	61	291	261	200	62	62	62	69	218	201	67	62
Texas Eastern Downstate Deliveries	MCTN	705	282	564	565	477	282	141	88	147	-	141	-	282
Texas Eastern Downstate Deliveries	Combo	705	423	656	705	564	282	282	141	142	61	141		282
Transco NJ to Long Is & Staten Is	MCTN	689	409	517	551	413	275	255	-	138	33	46		222
Transco No to Long is a statem is	Combo	689	437	551	578	472	338	204	138	276	138	138		294
Transco NJ to Manhattan	MCTN	1,007	962	1,007	1,007	1,007	790	604	468	604	621	640	467 484 - 95 154 154 25 26 235 204 59 66 288 309 65 67 - 141 131 138	724
Transco No to Mannattan	Combo	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	918	765	619	806	775	785	734	806

### RIAMS Model Projections for Peak Day Unmet Gas Demand (MMcfd)



Peak Day Jan 2018		FIF	RM		I	NTERRU	JPTIBLE		TOTAL UNMET DEMAND				
_			Residential/			Residential/		Residential/					
	Power	Industrial	Commercial	Total	Power	Industrial	Commercial	Total	Power	Industrial	Commercial	Total	
Upstate East	0	0	0	0	-21	-4	-3	-27	-21	-4	-3	-27	
Upstate West	0	0	-3	-3	0	-8	-6	-15	0	-9	-9	-17	
Downstate	-24	-3	-41	-68	-182	-15	-64	-262	-207	-18	-105	-330	
Total New York	-24	-3	-44	-71	-203	-28	-73	-303	-227	-31	-117	-375	
New England	Not Br	oken Ou	ıt Firm and	d Int	-61	-44	-414	-518	-61	-44	-414	-518	
Total New York													
and New England	-24	-3	-44	-71	-264	-72	-486	-821	-288	-75	-530	-893	

- About 900 MMcfd of unmet demand on a peak day.
  - 58% of unmet demand is in New England.
  - Remaining 42% of unmet demand (375 MMcfd) is in New York
     State.
    - Nearly 90% of New York's unmet demand (330 MMcfd) is Downstate.
    - About 19% of New York's unmet demand (71 MMcfd) is associated with Firm load.

# RIAMS Model Conclusions Much Colder Than Normal Weather Combination Case



- Compared to the Much Colder Than Normal Weather Case, average daily pipeline flows on most systems within New York are somewhat higher.
  - Millennium Deliveries to NYC are much higher on an average daily basis.
- Peak day flow on Algonquin to New England are lower, but that reduction is partially offset by an increase in flow on Tennessee to New England.
- Peak day throughput to downstate New York on Iroquois is up by over 150 MMcfd.
- Unmet demand of about 900 MMcf per day in New York and New England due to pipeline constraints.
  - There is about 140 MMcfd more unmet demand in New England than in New York.





# NYSERDA Much Colder Than Normal Weather Combination Case Results

#### December 2009

**Contacts:** 

Kevin R. Petak (kpetak@icfi.com) Vice President, Gas Market Modeling

Frank E. Brock (fbrock@icfi.com)
Senior Energy Market Specialist

#### **ICF International**

ICF International. Passion. Expertise. Results.